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TERMS OF THE DISPATCH.

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Meents per week, or including Sunday edition, at 20 cents per week. PITTSBURG, WEDNESDAY, SEP. 4, 1889.

THE EXPOSITION OPENING.

The opening of the Exposition to-day will present to the public the fruition of the efforts in behalf of that enterprise that have been going on for some years past. The fact that we have an Exposition creditably housed and capable of indefinite expansion is the first and vital one to Pittsburg in the first opening of the Exhibition.

To a large number of our citizens the buildings themselves will furnish a leading, if not the main feature during the first few days. The admirable character of these structures for their public purposes and the good work in securing their erection will make a visit to them a subject of interest to all Pittsburgers who are inspired by the local pride which this project represents.

Beyond that the public will bear in mind that the work against time which has been going on for the past sixty days, must necessarily leave some features in an incomplete state. There will probably be found for the first few days a good many unfinished exhibits and the mechanical department will be likely to require until next week before it can do itself credit. But the main building and the art exhibit will of themselves furnish an exhibition well worthy the public attention; while in the course of a few days the entire Exposition will be ready to extend its attractions to visitors.

The one leading fact, however, is that our community has an Exposition with well. the members of the different associations appointed structures, commensurate to the wealth and industrial importance of the city. That is enough to make its opening a great occasion to every true-hearted Pitts-

THE LONDON STRUGGLE.

Although public opinion and the efforts ment of the great strike there, the obstinacy vented any such satisfactory termination of the struggle. The strike is said to be gainsure to produce dangerous strikes.

THE CABLE'S BLESSINGS.

One of the privileges of life in these the declining days of the nineteenth century. which every American citizen cannot but prize, is the constant supply of information about the Prince of Wales' lame leg. Oneen Victoria's latest fad for mixing whisky and apollinaris, and other matters of supreme importance which the cables bring to us

Think of the immense gain of the present generation over its predecessors in the matter of polite royal and even imperial intelligence provided for its edification! If Emperor William discharges a cook, or the kept days, weeks or even months in agonizing expense before we learn what happened next. If one of the royal chickens at Windsor swallows a lozenge dropped by its imtoes, we are informed of it instantly. Benew place the whole life history of the chef is before us, and so realistic is the description of the yells of the young monarch have him next door.

The trivialities of royal Europe are very perious matters to free American citizens.

CONSTABLES AND GRAND JURY.

The reports of the constables on illegal ing farce will continue. liquor selling furnish indications that the labors of the Judges in enforcing upon those officials the necessity of discharging their duty has not been without its effect. While the number of places reported is not up to the rumored abundance of "speak- usual, a prize crew, consisting of one able easies," it indicates that the constables American seaman, was put on board the and lives in retirement in Boston. He has generally are aroused to the necessity of en- captured sealer with orders to take the forcing the law and allows the inference | vessel to Sitka. Again, as usual, the Canathat gossip may have exaggerated the total dians preferred to go to their home port, number of illeit liquor sellers. The Court | Victoria, and when the prize crew protested also very clearly indicated to the grand | the Indian hunters on board were with jury its duty in reference to violators of the difficulty kept from throwing him overlaw. If the same measure of success in board. If he had been thrown into the making that body do its duty is attained as sea this country would have had a very has been secured with the constables, the serious question to face. Smaller excuses idea that the laws can be obeyed or not, as | for war have often been found. may suit individual interests, is likely to receive a severe shock.

MR. GLADSTONE'S NEW ENEMY.

Politics in Great Britain is as productive polemics of the day bristle with false argufare between the Tories and the Radical party, with whom the Irish Home Rulers are allied, is being carried into America. This month's Forum contains a vicious and vindictive article by Thomas Hughes, better known as Tom Hughes who wrote "Tom Brown's Schooldays," upon the political Court House that this is a good time to encourse of Mr. Gladstone. It is worth reading, perhaps, because it shows how desperate the condition of the Tory party is to-day.

ESTABLISHED FEBRUARY 8, 1846, man has not always been consistent. With a very apparent object he lays stress upon Mr. Gladstone's attitude toward the United of extreme darkness Mr. Gladstone undoubtedly erred in his judgment of the principles of the combatants. He did not and he said things then for which he has openly acknowledged since his sorrow.

> But Mr. Hughes' only object is plainly to discredit Mr. Gladstone with Americans generally. He is successful in making clear Mr. Gladstone's mistakes of a quarter of a century ago, but his statements of history and his arguments based thereupon will not suffice, we think, to avert the sympathy of the bulk of the American people from Mr. Gladstone in his efforts to procure home rule for Ireland.

NOT A TRUST.

The report of a trust to be organized among the building and loan associations of the city, which appears in our local columns, refers to a combination which may have a little likeness to the monopolistic applications of the trust device, but is entirely distinct from them, both in its intent and effects. The characteristic features of the trusts

which have aroused the public protests are that they are formed to suppress competition and to array the strength of the combination either against consumers or producers, or both together. The nature of the building and loan associations is that they comprise their own loaners and borrowers of money, and the purpose of the combination is to advance the interests of both. The favorite that of the building and loan organization or money for borrowers, and to expand the field for the loaners to their mutual advantenabling the middleman to impose arpitrary good work in Pittsburg to-day. profits on the masses; a combination of this sort is for the sake of giving the masses the fullest benefit of its business organization.

The success of such an organization is likely to depend mainly upon its management. Under careful and conservative control it would necessarily impose the best standard of conduct upon all associations which make up its membership, and thus enhance the solvency of the building and loan associations generally. Loosely and improvidently managed, it might have exactly the opposite effect. Whether the close supervision and careful accountability that have made the separate associations successful, will be as thoroughly attainable in a centralized organization, is a matter that will do well to carefully consider.

But in the interest of correctness it is well to bear in mind that a combination of this sort has nothing in common with the modern trusts excent the surface resemblance.

A GRAVE MISTAKE.

The determination of the Navy Departof the shipping interests most closely con- ment to get over the difficulty presented by nected with the London dock yards have | the fact that the bids for the new war vessels been thrown in favor of an equitable settle- exceed the limit of the appropriation by reducing the requirements of speed in the of the officers of the corporation has pre- original specifications bears the aspect of a very grave mistake.

The naval need of this country is not a ing in bitterness, and the dispatches indi- large supply of vessels, with the qualities cate the general uneasiness which is felt. of mediocrity as to speed and fighting abil-The gravity of the affair has its lesson for ity. This Government never will have any opinion that State Legislatures should not this country, in its illustration of the prin- justification for establishing a navy of the | be held in ridicule by the people. The ciple that as corporations are able to cen- magnitude and expense of the European public at large will agree with Mr. Field tralize the control of industries and gain powers. What it wants is the adherence to in this respect; and in order to secure the exclusive privileges they are certain to be- its steadfast policy of few vessels, but those realization of the desire, the people must come oppressive to labor, simply because the fastest and most heavily armed of their turn in and take measures calculated to esthey have more power and less personal class. We do not want cruisers that can tablish a new kind of Legislature, responsibility. Great corporations pitted neither run away from nor overtake the against large masses of ill-paid laborers are enemy; but we want, on the contrary, those which can always rival, if not surpass, the best vessels owned by other powers.

For that reason the obvious course was, if vessels of the speed and size required could not be obtained within the limits of the Congressional appropriation, to secure an enlargement of the appropriation by Congress. The other course, that of lowering the quality of the vessels and degrading our naval standard in order to keep within the limits | the Channel Islands. During his earlier Loc mount to making the expenditure a dead

This country can afford to spend any amount of money that is necessary to make its naval vessels the best that can be built Queen Victoria adopts a new cough lozenge and sailed; but no country can afford to throw away money in building vessels which baby King of Spain cuts a tooth, we are not | are interior in speed and serviceability to those possessed by other powers.

A COSTLY JOKE, PERHAPS.

The DISPATCH has already humbly unperial owner and incontinently turns up its | dertaken to bring into the prominence it deserves the humorous side of the warfare fore Emperor William's cook has secured a the United States revenue cutter Rush is waging upon the Canadian sealing vessels in Behring Sea. There has been no pause to the fun. Confiding Lieutenant Tuttle of of Spain in his tussle with a healthy tooth | the Rush, keeps on overhauling the piratithat it would hardly be more agonizing to cal craft, keeps on putting prize crews of one upon them, and keeps on bidding them proceed to Sitka. The Canadian pirates cheerfully continue to sail with their prize crews to Victoria, B. C. As long as pirates and the crew of the Rush hold out, the roar

But is there not in this laughable exhibition of Uncle Sam's vigilance a very positive danger of serious trouble, real war perhaps? In the latest capture reported the danger looms up very large and plain. As

There seems to be a disposition on the part of the State Department at Washington to let matters slide along, drifting in no particular direction. England acquiesces apparently in the policy of leaving the of bitterness and uncharitableness as it well | question of property in the Behring Sea can be. There is nothing to which the for future consideration. Canada is propartisan there will not stoop to to throw dis. | testing a good deal, but not very effectively. credit upon an opponent. The sweetest- It would be reassuring to know that Sectempered of Englishmen seem to have lost | retary Blaine has a definite policy as to this command of themselves, and the political question. He may have, but it looks very much as if he had not made up his mind ments and demagogical appeals. The war- about this country's rights in Behring

Sea. JUDGE WHITE read the riot set to the grand jurors yesterday and some of the constables did practically the same act for the benefit of the speak-easies. There is a strengthening impression up about the force the law.

In connection with the fact that a pork Mr. Hughes, with ingenious malice, ex- speculation in Chicago has advanced the which it has encountered from without

plores the utterances of Mr. Gladstone in price of that staple \$2 00 per barrel, the the past. To the surprise of no one who has | Philadelphia Inquirer remarks that there is any acquaintance with Mr. Gladstone's no reason why gambling in food staples career he finds that the great Liberal states- should not be placed under the ban of the law, as much as gambling in cards. Since gambling in cards only results in damaging those who engage immediately in it, and, as States during the Civil war. In these days the Inquirer points out, gambling in food staples generally results in some hardship upon the great mass of consumers, the conclusion seems to be tolerably clear that there grasp fully the real meaning of the contest, is much more reason why the commercial form of gambling should be prohibited by the law, than the mere betting on cards, which has so long been prohibited.

> TALK of the recent Republican Field Marshal being sanguine! When the indomitable Democracy contemplates overcom ing a Republican majority of 80,000 in Pennsylvania it puts every hair of Thomas Cooper's leonine locks to the blush.

> WITH regard to Mr. Elliott F. Shenard's declaration that Divine Providence led the Republican party to victory last year, it seems to be a very pertinent commentary that Providence never vouchsafes a blessing without some qualification to save the recipients from being too much puffed up. While the Republican party was led to victory, the inscrutable decree permitted Colonel Shepard to fasten the burden of himself u pon the party at the same time.

THE Baltimore Republican clubs have paraphrased the old platform by their practical resolutions, first, that the offices and the fatness thereof belong to the Republican saints; and second, that they are the Republican saints.

THE State is to have its annual fair after all, but it will be merely an enlargement of device of the trust is to suppress competi- the York County Agricultural Fair. That tion by artificially diminishing the supply; will be quite a deserving exhibit, we have no doubt; but Western Pennsylvania will clearing house is to increase the supply of turn with some interest to the problem whether the need of this end of the State for an annual exhibition cannot be supplied age. In short, the trust is for the sake of by the Exposition which inaugurates its

> THE reed bird season has opened in the Eastern cities; and the problem of the extermination of the English sparrow is rapidly moving forward toward solution.

THE manufacturers having made one step toward a compromise of the window glass strike, would it not be well for the glass workers to make some movement toward meeting them? The side of a strike that shows its readiness to make a fair settlement displays the best judgment of the proper way to maintain good relations between capital and labor.

LABOR DAY appears to have been verappropriately named for Pittsburg. It was the day on which the majority of the laborers pitched in and worked as usual.

REPORTS are in circulation in New York that Sheriff Flack has been forced by the Tammany Hall authorities to send in his resignation of his position of Sheriff. It is also one of the undercurrents of rumor that the health of his royal highness, the Prince of Darkness, is so precarious that Tammany Hall is likely to be turned into a monastery.

THE Democratic convention to-day is likely to be as harmonious as a slate on which the sums are all figured out.

DAVID DUDLEY FIELD expresses his

PEOPLE OF PROMINENCE.

PROF. TYNDALL, though taking a vacation in the Alps, is still ardently interested in British

MRS. JULIA D. GRANT, the widow of the General, who has been spending the summer in Vienna with her son, the United States Minister, expects to return to this country and pass the winter in Washington.

DR GEORGE MACDONALD, the novelist, has been lecturing in the south of England and on of the appropriation, is very nearly tanta- don season he was obliged to deliver his talks from an armchair. This was due, however, not to any abatement of physical vigor, but to a a badly sprained foot.

THE Rev. Father Henselp Saragian, who was sent by the Armenian Patriarch of Constanti nople to look after the spiritual interests of the Armenians living in this country, held his first service in Boston on Sunday. This is said to be the first use of the Armenian ritual by a genuine delegate of the Patriarch in America. PRESIDENT HARRISON'S visit to the Log College, Bucks county, Pa., will remind him that his wife's relatives were prominent people in the last century. One of the original trustees of Neshaminy Church was John Scott, an ancestor of Mrs. Harrison. The old oven in the Scott house has received a fresh coat of whitewash and will do honor to the President's

visit. WHEN the new Chinese Minister comes to Washington, where he is expected within a month, he will bring his wife with him; and this will be the first instance where the wife of an envoy from the Celestial Kingdom has ever accompanied her husband to this country. The titled and distinguished lady in question will not however, be any addition to American society, as will be strictly a recluse, in conformance with Chinese customs

J. T. TROWBRIDGE, whose stories for boys have made him famous, was born in 1827 in Western New York. He taught himself Latin, French and German. He writes at the present time almost wholly for the Youth's Companion and makes a handsome income. He is a tall, fresh-looking man, with a very pleasant face. His hair is white, but otherwise he does no show his years. He has never cared for society taste for speculation, but has never indulged in to any great extent.

HIS FIRST RIDE HIS LAST.

An Old Man Dies While Traveling by Rall for the First Time.

NASHVILLE, September &-Campbell A. Walton rode to his death to-day. He was over 80 and lived with his wife near Castalian Springs, in Sumner county. Neither of them had ever seen a railroad train until to-day. This morning they rode over to Gallatin and got on the train coming to Nashville. Walton went into the smoking car, leaving his wife in the parior car. He was apparently much ex-cited over his novel journey, and in half an hour from the time he started he suddenly fell hour from the time he started he suddenly fell over dead in his seat.

His wife was notified and his body taken from the train at Saundersville. His death was caused by heart disease and primarily by the excitement, it is supposed, of his strange

Not Newsy Enough for an Item.

From the Courier-Journal. The present editor of the Harlan county News—his name does not appear in the paper—has learned the value of discretion. Turner, who was killed by Howard up there the other day, had once been the editor of the News, bu in the last week's issue there is not a solitary word about the bloody events which have pro duced a reign of terror there.

Weakening Labor's Cause. From the New York World.1 Occasionally unjust and unre mands have weakened the cause of organized labor more than all the assaults and resistance

THE TOPICAL TALKER.

The Signal of Autums-The Way She Comes

and Goes—A Season of Loans.

ALTHOUGH it is as warm as it should have been in the very heart of August, and the good people who have been away from the city spending the summer and their savings like as not at the seaside or in the mountains, are real-izing that they have really come home to the piains of pavements and the hills of houses to enjoy the only real hot days of the year-alhough it is more like what the calendar tells us the weather should have been six weeks ago, and although there is a good deal of grumbling about the provoking tendency of the signal service to play practical jokes on the public, one thing is certain fall is at hand. The first signs of her approach, a danger signal as it were, to warn the unwary that autumn is nearly due, I saw in the grand vista of a valley not 20 miles from the hum and hustle of Pittsburg. It was a solitary gam tree overhanging the rocky bed of a creek that was in the extremity of death from drought. Around it were oaks, hickories, pines and other trees densely, darkly green. But the gum tree sparkled in the sun-light. The pointed leaves shone like jets of flame, and it seemed as if the heart of the tree were a glowing fire. It was autumn's alarm, She comes quietly.

AUTUMN. With shy brown eyes she comes again, With hair a sunny, silken skein, As full of light as golden rod;

Love in her voice, love in her nod. She treads so softly no one knows The time she comes, the time she goes. The grass is brown, the leaves begin Each cricket sings as loud as ten To drown the noisy locust, when You come, O maid, to bid us cry To summer sweet a long goodby.

And when you go the leaves are gone; Poor cupid puts away his wings.

There's sadness in her shy brown eyes, Though gay her gown with tawny dyes, Love's in her voice—but telling most Of one who's loved, but loved and lost. She treads so softly no one knows The time she comes, the time she goes.

THIS time of the year seems to be dedicated borrowers. Have you not noticed that everybody that is given at all to procuring loans goes a gunning for lenders about the first week

I have the word of a very excellent lady who has lived in a multitude of places, that the borrowing of all the rest of the year hardly equals that of September. She relates several queer loans in which she has played the cred-

"The most persistent borrower I ever knew was one I had for a neighbor when I lived in the suburbs of Philadelphia." she said. "She was a woman of middle age, and her husband was in some mercantile calling which returned him a very good income. There was really no need for her to borrow things as she did, but she appeared to have a mania for borrowing. She would ask for the loan of 10 cents or my plane with equal unconcern. Once when there was a death in her family she came over and pitcher-both silver. I let her have them. I were used-in fact. I found them in a room which was locked up for the day. "You'll hardly believe it, but I've known

that woman on wash day to ask me to lend her some soiled clothes to add to her laundry. She always brought back what she borrowed."

OFFICIAL REPORTS MISSING. Number of Regiments Represented a

Chicknmanga Not Yet Heard From. WASHINGTON, September 3.-The compila ion of the volumes of the war records, comprising the operations about Chattanooga and Knoxville, including the battle of Missionary Ridge, is progressing rapidly under the direction of Major George B. Davis. Two volumes of the Chickamauga records have been com-pleted, containing both the Union and the Con-federate reports and some advance—sheets will be printed for use at the approaching reunion of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland

as possible:

Ohio-Infantry regiments-First, Tenth, Eighteenth, Thirtieth, Thirty-seventh, Forty-sixth, Forty-seventh, Fifty-third, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-seventh, Fifty-ninth, Sixty-first, Eightleth, Eighty-second, Ninety-eighth, One Hundred and Fourth, One Hundred and Third, One Hundred and Fourth, One Hundred and Eighth, One Hundred and Thirteenth, One Hundred and Twenty-first. Une Hundred and Therenty-ninth. Cavalry regiments-First, Third, Fourth, Tenth. Artillery-First Light Artillery, batteries B, C, E, F, Q, L, K, M. Batteries-Forth, Sixth, Eighteenth, Twentieth.

R. M. Batteries-Forth, Sixth, Eighteenth, Twentieth. Pennsylvania - Infantry regiments - Forty-fith, Forty-eighth, Fittieth, Fifty-first, Seventy-fith, One Hundred and Ninth. Artillery-Light Batteries B and F. West Virginia-Infantry regiments-Fourth.

A LITTLE ROMANCE SPOILED.

An Elopement Prevented by a Policema

ATLANTIC CITY, September 3 .- There wa an amusing elopement here to-night which had rather a disappointing termination for the two young principals, and to-night the hero of the episode occupies a cell at the City Hall, and the fair young heroine graces the office of Mayor Hoffman in the same building. His names is William Keates, and he is a fireman on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore road. He lives at Wilmington, where his father is division operator of the railroad on which he is employed. Her name is Bertha Filmore, and sne lives with her widowed mother here, on Georgia avenue. She is a petite blonde of 18 years. He is a fair sample of the cigarette fiend of 20 years. They met last Friday afternoon in the surf and he floated her with such loving tenderness and she liked it so well that before the bath was over they were completely enamored of each other. She was lit treated by her mother, she said.

As a result they decided to elope to Wilmington, and to night she accompanied him to the Reading depot, and they boarded a parlor car on the 9:30 express. Just then Bertha's mother Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore road,

on the 9:30 express. Just then Bertha's mother and Policeman Driscoll stepped aboard, and the youthful lovers were marched to the City Hall, where a charge of attempted abduction was preferred against Keates.

TORRENTS COULDN'T STOP THEM.

A Pair of Elopers Receive Very Timely Assistance From a Friend.

MEMPHIS, September 3 .-- The mutual friend acquitted himself nobly in an elopement at Marion, Ark., Sunday night. Dr. T. O. Bridgeforth leved and wished to wed Miss Ella Bas. sett, the daughter of a wealthy merchant of that town. The young lady was willing but her parents were not, so an elopement was ar-ranged. A heavy rain had fallen, submerging the streets, and the broad ditch along the railroad track was waist deep in water. The friend met the lady at the back door of her father's residence end escorted her to a point nearly op-posite the rear end of the sleeper attached to a train in waiting. There was no time to hunt for a crossing over the ditch which was now a

for a crossing over the ditch which was now a miniature torrent.

The conductor called out "All aboard," and the mutual friend caught up his fair charge, and plunging into the stream, bore her to the rear platform of the sleeper and placed her safely on board just as the wheels began to revolve. The Doctor at the same time boarded the train from the depot platform and joined his bride in the sleeper, while the friend retired from public view to change his trousers. The couple went to Jonesboro, where they were married.

Colonel Ingersoll's Sermons.

From the Chicago Tribune.1 If read over the grave of a favorite horse or pet fawn, Colonel Ingersoll's funeral orations might edify the hearer, but they fail to convey much comfort to a human soul bereft of a earthly companiouship of some one near and

From the Boston Herald. If any of our comic dramatists are in search of a plot for a howling farce, let them turn their attention to the Behring Sea muddle

From the Philadelphia Times... The lost Walter Blaine has found himself. No Blaine in office was ever known to stay

CHANGE IN TREASURY REPORTS.

The Debt Statement Mislending, and Cur-

rency Destroyed. WASHINGTON, September &-There is i sued every month from the Treasury Depar ment agreat square sheet of paper, full of printed figures, complicated financial terms and dollar marks. It is called the statement showing the condition as the Printer of the statement showing the condition of the National debt of the country, and gives the amount of money on hand, the various obligations of the Govern-ment in the way of bonds and promissory notes, balanced against each other. By means of an arithmetic unsolvable by the layman, this shows the amount of the debt, the size of the surplus, and various other interesting items. This form of statement was adopted by the last administration almost immediately upon its accession, the old one used by the preceding United States Treasurer being amended be-

accession, the old one used by the preceding United States Treasurer being amended beyond recognition.

Treasurer Huston is now thinking over the matter of changing the form again, so as to make the debt statement show things in a different light from that which is now cast upon the financial condition of the country by this monthly sheet of paper.

"Swelling the surplus statement, the object of the change from the old form to the present one adopted under the Cleveland administration, said the Treasurer to-day, "was to swell the apparent size of the surplus. It isn't a fair statement to send out, for by the system of booking put down as liabilities that should properly belong on the other side, or rather could be very materially reduced. For example, there is an item inserted every month as a liability of several millions of dollars, this being a part of one of the first issues of war notes. Now, it is known as an absolute fact that inillions of these dollars have been destroyed, torn, burned, worn out, defaced, and in other ways made valueles, and it is positively certain that they will never be presented for redemption. Fractically speaking, they have ceased to exist, and yet they are still carried on the statement as liabilities that may cause a disbursement of funds at any time.

"Then, too, there are fully \$f\$, 000, 000 of fractional currency still classed as liabilities, when it is an absolute certainty that they will never be redemed. Like the other notes they have been destroyed or defaced beyond recognition, and the remainder are in private collections as curiosities, and will undoubtedly remain there. I am conndent that at least \$is, 00,000 now classed in the statement as ilabilities might be erased altogether from the list. Yes, I am thinking very seriously of having the form changed."

THE WORLD'S COAL SUPPLY.

No Danger of a Fuel Famino for Many Years Yet to Come.

From Iron.] In view of the question which has suggested itself on more than one occasion as to how long it would be before the Old World coal deposits would become exhausted, the Deutsche Handels-Museum supplies some interesting figures relating to the world's coal fields outside of the North American continent. According to these the low countries, Switzerland, Denmark, Germany and Bohemia, possess coal mines of a surface area of about 59,000 square miles. Russia alone has 22,000 square miles. The deposits of the island of Formosa amount to something like 10,000 square miles, some of the coal vein ranging up to 96 feet in thickness. The coal fields of Austria, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Greece, Turkey and Persia cover about 39,000 square miles, those of India 35,000 and those of Japan 6,000 square miles, while those of China

Japan 6,000 square miles, while those of China are estimated at the enormous figure of 400,000 square miles. But these are not all.

The Falkland Islands, Patagonia and Peru are very rich in coal, while the southern part of Chili is one immense deposit. In Brazil veins varying in thickness from 17 to 25 feet are found in numbers, and in the United States of Columbia there is an abundance of the mineral. Mexico and the Vancouver Islands are also weil supplied, there being probably not far from 20,000 square miles, while the deposits thus far discovered in Tasmania, New Caledonia, and Natal are estimated to cover 100,000 square miles, while the deposits thus far discovered the transmentation of these deposits not yet having been worked.

Without reckoning the immense stores of coal in the United States, and merely relying upon those given above, there seems to be but little prospect of a coal famine for some years.

SARA BERNHARDT'S CRUELTY.

Washington Lady Explains How She Didn't Burn Her Dog.

PERSONAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATOR 1 WASHINGTON, September 3 .- A Washington city of the story that Sara Bernhardt, in a fit of passion, burned her pet dog to death in the presence of an American lady visiting her. devil his due. So here goes for the explanation of the affair, given me by one who knows Sara

at Chattanooga.

The following reports of the Battle of Missionary Ridge and Knoxville are missing. If members of these organizations having either the original reports or copies known to be such will send them to Major George B. Davis, care of War Department, Washington, they can still be used in making up the volumes. But they should be forwarded as soon as possible:

Ohlo—Infantry regiments—First, Tenth, Eighteenth, Thirtieth, Thirty-seventh, Forty-sixth, Forty-seventh, Fifty-third, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-seventh, Fifty-thind, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-seventh, Fifty-thind, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-thind, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-thind, Fifty-thind,

"Sara is greatly given to practical joking, and no doubt well knew the impression this would make upon the American lady when she caught up her little pet and gave him his customary nunishment."

OUR POSTAL FACILITIES.

A German Official Has Come to Investigate the American System.

WASHINGTON, September 3.—Mr. Gustav Wabner, Postal [Councilor of the Postoffice Department of the German Empire, who is in charge of the telegraph and telephone service of that department at Berlin, called on the Postmaster General to-day. Mr. Wabner has been commissioned by his Government to visit the principal cities of the United States in or-der to make a thorough examination of the operatious and special features of our telegraph and telephone systems, and to submit a detailed report thereon to his department. After a pleasant interview in regard to the object of his mission Mr. Wabner procured from the Postmaster General letters of intro-duction to several influential persons who could furnish him facilities for obtaining the information he seeks.

Good Dress Parade Soldlers. From the Boston Globe. 1 Belva Lockwood advocates the commissio ing of women as officers of the regular army

And why not? In these piping times of peace an army officer has little to do but look pretty and a woman can do that better than a man any day. Kulamazoo Getting Rich. From the Minneapolis Tribune. Kalamazoo, Mich., has sold \$1,000,000 worth of

celery this season. With a few more good crops the town will be able to buy a new name or have the old one turned and pressed.

Change of Bill at the Bijon. The play at the Bijou Theater will be changed to-night to "The Buckeye." This was Lizzie Evans' great success last season, and is highl praised. At the matinee to-day "Fine Feathers will be repeated.

ONE YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

To-day one year ago, love, 'Neath skies September blue, With autumn tints aglow, love, I sat and talked with you. My heart in rapture wild, love, With faith and hope beat high, Throbbed madly when you smiled, love: One year ago to-day, love,

And watched the lovelights play, love,

I held your hand in mine

Deep in your eyes divine; September days are fair, love, But fairest of all was this, And never a day so rare, love, Ah, I may long in vain, love, My passionate soul may burn, For well I know again, love, That day will never return; Around my aching brow, love Throng memories of the past, But the spell is broken now, love,

The dream too sweet to last! Oh, since that blessed day, love, I've lived a hundred years, Have wandered to and fro, love, Through a thousand tolls and tears; And it breaks my heart to-day, love As I sit here alone, To think of the sad decay, love, Of a love that was all my own

To-day one year ago, love-I'd give this world to know, love-I'll act the prodigat's part love, Since all is lost, and so, I'll feed my hungering heart, love, On the husks of a year ago!

-Montgomery M. Folsom

Curious Tales and Traditions of Differen Nations—A Fulcon That Saved a King's Life—How Mice Defeated a Great Army -The Origin of Beer.

FABLES AND FOLK-LORE.

One of the most interesting and picturesque spots in Wales is Beth-Gellert, with its well-preserved dog's grave. Every tourist climbs Snowdon, and nearly all see the grave of Beth-Gellert, and hear the story, which the guide is apt to conclude with a remark that clever folks-say it is all nonsense, but that if the tale ian't true it another the Primer I leavely a might be the say it and the say it as say it true it ought to be. Prince Llewellyn, a mighty man of war and a true sportuman, was the possessor of a very fine greyhound, as remarkable for its perfect docility at home as for its ferocity in the chase. The Prince also had a baby son, and the dog, whose name was Gellert, was frequently left in charge of the cradle and its occupant. On one occasion Liewellyn returned home and found the cradle upset and empty, while the dog's mouth and upset and empty, while the dog's mouth and several articles of furniture were a mass of blood. Without waiting for any search the Prince decided that his dog had killed and eaten the infant, and in his just rage he drew his sword and took life for life. An infant's cry diverted the grief of the unhappy man, who found to his joy the little one tying behind the cradle uninjured. A brief search disclosed the cause of the confusion and blood. A huge wolf had evidently entered the house and had attacked the cradle. The faithful and misjudged dog had fought nobly for his charge and had killed the wolf. So runs the tale. It has an air of improbability about it, but everyone in file neighborhood of Snowdon believes the story, and points to the monument which Llewellyn in his anguish erected to the memory of the dog he so hastily siew.

A Remarkably Intelligent Falcen. History abounds in tales and fables of this description, and, strange to say, they nearly all point in the same direction as the Gellert story, which may owe its origin to any one of them. The story of Folliculus is, perhaps, the most interesting of these. This knight was a great hunter, and among his possessions were a noble greyhound and an exceptionally intelligent falcon. He had also an only son, whom he loved very dearly, and for whom three nurses were provided. On one occasion, master, mistress and servants all went to a tournament, leaving the child in company with the dog and the falcon. The dog fell asleep by the side of the oradle, and the falcon watched from his perch. After awhile the silence encouraged a serpent, which had a hole near the cradle, to History abounds in tales and fables of this

its wings, and the dog lost no time in attacking the serpent. The fight was long and severe, the cradle was upset and the dog seriously wounded. But in the end virtue, as represented by the faithful hound, was victorious, and the serpent met with well-merited death. When the nurses returned they found chaos prevailing, the cradle upset, and the baby and the dog alike covered with blood. Assuming that the dog had killed the child, the nurses fied in terror, but were met by their mistress, to whom they related the sad tale. She in turn narrated the events of the tragedy to the knight, who rushed to the house. The poor wounded dog crept forward to receive the usual recognition, but the master, attributing its condition to fear, at once slew it. Directly afterward he found the uninjured child and the dead reptile. In remorse, he destroyed the fatal weapon and made a pilgrimage to the Holy Land.

Animals That Reasoned Well. That the ancients had a high appreciation of the reasoning power of animals of the lower order is clear from the great number of fables in Sanscrit, Greek and Chinese concerning in dividual instances of thought and sagacity, These tales are told repeatedly in various forms, each writer giving a different locality for the occurrence and changing the details slightly, while adhering to the narrative of the main incident. Thus the story about the ichneumon is repeated, with various animals, including the polecat, named as the hero. In the way of averting disasters which might have over-whelmed men, animals are said by myth-makers to have done wonders. An Egyptian fable states that on one occasion a man had prepared a very savory pot of herbs, which a wall will-fully broke. The unfortunate animal was severely thrashed for its interference, but when the man went to pick up the fragments of his prepared delicacy he found a venomous ser-

pent concealed among them.

A very similar story, in all probability arising out of the same fable, tells how a favorite falcon saved a king from swallowing a live serpent. His Majesty had raised a drinking ressel, presumably one of the old style earthen-ware pots, to his lips, when the faithful bird flew suddenly down, and throwing its full weight against the vessel, upset it. The King, in his wrath, killed the bird, whereupon he dis-covered that there had been a small serpent in the water, and that the martyred hird had saved his life. In the Greek there is another story of this kind. A peasant liberated an eagle from the clutches of a dragon. The latter cagie from the clutches of a dragon. The latter out of revenge poisoned some water which the peasant was about to drink, but the eagle showed its gratitude by upsetting the vessel and spilling its contents.

Armies of Mice.

Some old European histories seriously tell of in enemy of Henry IV. of Germany, who was eaten up by mice. As the story runs, the man was at a banquet, when he was suddenly attacked by a whole army of mice, which in no way molested his neighbors, who went to the assistance of the victim and spared no pains in their efforts to free him from his small but vicious foes. After he had been badly bitten his friends got him on board a smack and took him out to sea. But the rats followed him and gnawed the planks of the boat so viciously that it had to be run ashore. They then got possession of the unhappy man and gnawed him to pieces, after which they disappeared as if by magic. This apparently absurd tale was re-peated as evidence of Henry's divine pro-

ection.

Herodotus tells a wonderful story of how mice once secured the defeat of a great army. The Biblical account of the defeat of Sennach-erib before Jerusalem is not indorsed by the erib before Jerusalem is not indorsed by the father of history, who gives the Egyptian story. According to this, the Egyptian armies were afraid to resist the great warrior, and the priests humiliated themselves in the Temple. While the high priest was praying he fell asleep, and in a vision was assured that there was no danger. Acting upon divine instructions, he collected a small band of tradesmen, mechanics and sutlers, and advanced. In the meantime an army of field mice had attacked the enemy and eaten up their bows and quivers and the handles of their shields. Thus disabled, the great host was unable to offer anybled, the great host was unable to offer anything like a concerted resistance.

Why the Mole is Blind.

Absurd stories accounting for the mole having no eyes are frequently told children. They have their origin in an Indian legend. This states that a Dog-Rib Indian once chased a squirrel up such a very high tree that the little animal escaped in the sky. Not to be daunted, he set a snare for the squirrel and descended the tree. Next day the sun was caught in the trap and darkness was the immediate result. Suspecting the cause, but not daring to liberate the sun himself, the crafty Indian sent up several animals to release the strange captive. oral animals to release the strange captive. One by one these were burned up, until at last a mole was commissioned. This cute little creature burrowed out through the sky, and, gnawing the chords in the snare, liberated the source of light, and the darkness coased. But as the sun was making his escape the mole thrust its head through the hole and the sight of the sun so close caused it to go blind and bequeath its deformity to its descendants.

An Extraordinary Temperance Tale. Here is perhaps the oldest temperance story in existence, fifth the possible exception of the account of Noah's overindulgence and the fate of the son who laughed at him. Fable says that one Gambrinus, a fiddler, being jitted by his intended, went into the woods with a view to hanging himself. Just as he was about to drop, a weird old man in a green coat appeared and bargained with the discon-solate fiddler to enjoy 30 years of great prossolate fiddler to enjoy 30 years of great prosperity, but then to give his soul up to the devil. The fiddler consented, and his Santanic ally helped him invent lager beer. The Emperor was so pleased with this drink that he made Gambrinus the Duke of Brabant and Count of Flanders. At the end of 30 years the devil sent Jocko, one of his envoys, to receive the soul, as bargained. Jocko found Gambrinus busy drinking lager beer, drank freely himself, and finally became so drunk that he could not fulfill his mission. So Gambrinus was left to drink to his heart's content, and he kept on until he finally turned into a beer barrel.

From the New York Tribune. It used to be a tradition with the theatrical profession to try it on a dog. But now they have changed all that, and try it on New York

Where Failure is Certain. From the Philadelphia Inquirer.1 It is not expected that the postal telegraph if adopted, will be any great help to the wo who posts her telegrams in her husband's LIVE NEWS OF THE METROPOLIS

Tried Three Times to Drown His

Died From Over-Exertion.

Thomas Vincent Murray, the is-year-old son of Police Superintendent Murray, played baseball for an hour at Redbank, N. J., to-day, after having sailed a yacht for four hours. At the end of the game he threw a high fly to a friend. The ball had bardly left his hands before he threw up his arms and fell to the ground. He said something in his cheet had given away and was growing weak. He was taken home and a physician was summoned. An examination showed that he had ruptured a blood vessel near his heart by over-exertion. Two hours later he died.

An Effective Method of Advertising. About 2 o'clock this afternoon a wagon was serpent, which had a hole near the cradle, to come forth and reconnoiter. Seeing the child in the cradle, the venomous monster prepared to seize it.

The falcon at once awoke the dog by flapping its wings, and the dog lost no time in attacking the serpent. The fight was love and access the servent. The fight was love and access the servent are servent.

> Prominent Persons Going to Europe. Max Adler, George Gould, Mrs. Gould, Mrs. John W. Mackey and William Mackey will sall for Europe to-morrow on the steamship City of

A Japanese Maiden Disappears. A Japanese Maiden Disappears.

Dainty little Kakei Kura is missing. Kakel is a little Japanese maiden from Tomioko. She is plump and pretty, with the brownest of slanting eyes, rosy lips and white teeth. Several years ago Kai Kura, Kakei's father, arrived in San Francisco and started a shooting gallery. Kakei Kura was then about 16 years old. A young Jap wished to marry her and she wished to marry him, but papa Kura said no, and eventually took Kazei and the rest of his family off to Los Angeles to escape the importunities of the unacceptable suitor. A short time ago the Kura family came to New York to live. Last night Kura went to Jersey City or heart and transfer an on business, leaving his wife and two daughters at home alone. This morning he returned to find Mrs. Kurs and the elder daughter all upset and Kakei Kurs gone, with all her clothes. Whether the discarded California lover was responsible for the disappearance or not, no one knows. Kakei stole away from home in the middle of the night without a word of ex-planation. Papa Kura has reported his troubles to the police, and offered \$25 reward to the finder of the missing girl.

Sait Between Catholic Prelates. The Right Rev. Stephen Vincent Ryan, Ro-man Catholic Bishop of Buffalo, through his counsel, to-day asked the Supreme Court for a bill of particulars in the slander suit of Father Francis Dent against him for \$100,000 damages. The Bishop's lawyer demanded the bill upon own lawyer, argued with some eloquence that the giving of such a bill would place him at the Bishop's mercy. In his affidavit in opposition to the motion, Father Dent said he had been informed that Bishop Ryan, while acting as an ecclesiastical judge, without warrant of canon law, associated witnesses and used his arbitrary power in attempting to corrupt witnesses that he might secure the conviction of a priest; also, that the Rev. Michael A. Corrigan, Archbishop to leave the State, who had been subpossed to Cattaraugus county. The court held that Pather Dent must at least designate the time and place at which the slanderous words were

LIGHTNING'S STRANGE FREAKS.

ttered. The suit in question is the outcome

of along and bitter quarrel between the Bishop and Father Dent about ecclesiastical matters

Curious Phenomena That Made Lively Scenes in a Butcher's Shop. RICHMOND, IND., September 2.-About 6 o'clock this morning John Dirk, employed in Riechart's butcher shop, went to the back door and carelessly put his hand against the irou sheathing. He uttered a yell that might have appalled a Comanche and fled. He rushed into

appalled a Comanche and fied. He rushed into the front room and told Mr. Riechart and Fred Schwegman that he had received an electric shock by touching the iron wall. They all went back to examine. Globules of electric light were twinkling along the base of the wall where it touched the ground. In the corner, near the grocery building, is a window into the cellar beneath, and au excavation around it to permit the entrance of light. This window had a board over it, and around this board were a number of beautiful electric lights. Adam Drifmeyer came to look at it, put his hand on the wall, jumped about four feet high and went away with a perfectly gratified curioeity.

four feet high and went away with a perfectly gratified curiosity.

Chief Parsons, of the fire department, soon came and began making examinations. By this time the board over the cellar window was on fire. Fred Schwegman picked up a bucket of water and dashed the water on the flame. The electricity followed the water to the bucket and nearly knocked him down. But the fire was temporarily squelched by the timely application, and in a few minutes the chief found the source of trouble. A wire attached to the electric cable came back over the tin roof fully 30 feet, touching the roof in many places. While everything was dry, as has been the case ever since the electric road has been in operation, the roof was not a strong enough conductor to the roof was not a strong enough conductor to take the electricity from the wire, but the rain which fell last night, increased its power, and the iron wall made a splendid ground connec-tion. The wire was removed and the strange

TRI-STATE TRIFLES.

AT Allentown a few days ago a 3-year-old climbed up and took a seat on the step of the rear car of a railroad train, which drew out and carried the cherub six miles before he was discovered.

Five dollars and 4 cents were dropped in the box of an Allentown street car by a near-sighted rider, who mistook a \$5 gold piece for a penny. An Akron man, called out of his bed by the ringing of the bells, created a great deal of laughter by going along the street with a lan-

tern looking for the fire. EDWARD TILLISTON, killed a few days ago on the Pennsylvania Railroad at Ker Square, had a presentiment of his death. When he kissed his wife his last good-by he said:

"You may never see me again." An Altoona angler caught a bass weighing 514 pounds in the Juniata the other day. It was 23

picked 2,000 quarts of huckleberries this season, and sold the most of them at 5 cents per EDWIN RIGGS, a farmer of Pleasants county,

MRS. DANIEL HILL, of Salineville, Pa., has

W. Va., being greatly annoyed by rats in his barn, filled a half-hogshead with water, put chaff over the top, scattered meat on it, and in the morning fished out over 200 dead rats.

CURIOUS CONDENSATION

— The First Congrugational Ch armouth, Mass, onlebsated the two of fittieth anniversary of its organism -A Slerra Valley (Cal.) man made an

walls.

Frank W. Hale, of Dover, N. H., has a squash that weighs 100 pounds. It is still growing and Hale hopes it will double its present weight. In 28 hours its circumference increased an inch and three quarters.

John Cannon Short, an aged farmer of near Georgetown, computes that in going to Georgetown three times per week during the past 40 years, the distance each way being seven miles, he has traveled 35,000 miles.

Judge F. Wellhouse, of Fremont, Kan., is said to be the proprietor of the largest orchard in the world. He has 1,078 acres in fruit trees, and it is claimed that no other grower on the face of the giobe can make a similar showing.

of Chester, ill., ran away from home last Wednesday. She is a banker's daughter and a society belle. She was found on Sunday in St. Louis, where she had secured a position as a cook in a restaurant. Her reason for leaving home was that she did not wish to return to

—At Decatur, Tex., on Saturday, Eph Husiman was tried in the District Court for horse theft. The courtroom is used on Sanday as a place of worship. Sunday morning during the services the jury returned a verdict. The prisoner was brought in and septenced to five years in the penitentiary, after which the services were resumed. -Lewis Purdy, postmaster at Shrub Oak.

Mestchester county, N. Y., was appointed by President William Henry Harrison in March, 1841, and has served continuously from that time. Though now is his 85th year, he is vigorous, his memory and vision are clear, and he still receives and distributes the mail twice a day, as he has for long years. day, as he has for long years.

At the "old settlers" meeting, recently held in Cass county, Ind., a good old lady got up to tell of the early life in the country for the first time, and as it was her first attempt to speak in public, she had a severe attack of stage fright. At last she said: "My friends, I am an old citizen. I can remember when these great oak trees were nothing but hazel bushes."

-An English scientist has been making experiments to determine the important part which light plays in the development of numal life. A dozen tadpoles were confined in a box life. A dozen tadpoles were confined in a from which every ray of light was exclud. The result was that only two of them deoped into frogs, and these were shortliv. The others more ased considerably in size, never left the tadpole form. -William Crawford, 22 years old, who died recently in Chicago, was peculiarly af-flicted. He had only one skin, which is to say

har he had no outer skin at all. The veins stood out all over his body in the plainest manner possible. From the time he was of years of age young Crawford had been subject to bleeding spells, which were liable to break out at any time and on any part of his body. -William Johnson, a West Chester painter of considerable corpulency, has been engaged in renovating the Willistown schoolof the desks to eat his noonday meal. When he finished he found himself so tightly weeding that he could "for get up, and he would have been held a prisoner but that he had his acrewdriver within reach, and with the aid of this he took the chair and desk apart.

-Workmen have been engaged in removing the log structure that served as Balti. nore's first postoffice from the spot on which it has stood 159 years to Monument Square, where has stood in years to Monument Square, where it will be set up alongside the great granite building, occupying a whole block, which next week will be dedicated as the new posterfice. The quaint old structure is lix15 feet and 12 feet high to the dormer roof. The openings between the logs were plastered up with oyster shells and mud.

-The old horse Comanche, the ony survivor of the famous Custer massacre, is still handsomely cared for at the Government's exhandsomely cared for at the Government's ex-pense. By special order of the military author-ities Comanche is provided with a comfortable stall fitted up especially for him out in Dakota. No one is permitted to ride him, and he is most allowed to do any work whatever. Riddled with bullets and scarred by saber wounds, his body speaks cloquently of the perilous duty he has performed in his 22 years of service under the Government.

-A Florida paper thus tells how a snake bitten horse was cured: "About two weeks ago J. W. Gerald's mare was bitten by a snake in his grove, on Lake Harris, supposed to have in his grove, on lake Harris, supposed to have been a moccasin. The mare had spasms, and the first night after being hitten charged all over the grove on a dead run. She then swelled until her hide was as tight as a drum-head. Mr. Gerald tried three remedies, and cured her; a strong, hot sait bath, drenched with to-bacco tea, and with a tea made from the moss which grows on the north side of forest trees. The mare was sick 12 days."

THE LAUGHING PHILOSOPHERS.

Singley-How much you resemble your sister, Miss Bjones? I would take you for her.
Miss Bjones-W-well, Mr. Singley, this is so
sudden; but you may ask pa. -Lawrence Ameri-

cide the matter; let's ask the waiter. Waiter, are tomatoes a fruit or a vegetable? Waiter-Neither, sir. Tomatoes is a nextra Natural Apprehension .- "Why do you

Smith-Look here, Brown, we'll soon de

moke such infernal cigars?"
"Oh, just to kill time. Why?" "I thought perhaps you were trying to kill me," Ethel (entering parlor)-Oh, Aggie, s glad to see you. (They kiss.) Why, you are enraged to be married.

Aggie-How do you know? "I can tell by the way you kiss."-Rocheste "Well, doctor, how did you enjoy your African journey? How did you like the savages?",
"Oh, they are very kind-hearted people; they wanted to keep me there for dinner,"-London

Tit-Bits.

has put on more airs of late than a few?" "Quite natural. He has just returned from a summer renatural. He has just returned from a same to sort. He was the only man there. He'll get over it after a time, but just at present he is so puffed up with self-importance that you cannot touch him with a ten-foot pole."—Boston Transcript. The Police Court Brand .- Rounder-Have

"What's the matter with McSlim? He

you any decent whiskey? The last I got here wasn't fit to drink! Bartender-That can't be, sir. We keep nothng but fine whiskey.

Rounder-"Fine" whisky. Yes, that's right! My fine was \$1 and costs. -- Heaton Herald.

An Imported Smell. -- Miss Trust-- Why,

Mr. Bluffer, where have you been all this tim havn't seen you for two months! Mr. Bluffer (breathing a balmy odor of gin and bitters)—I have been abroad, you know. Miss Trust—How delightfull. And, of course, you visited Cologue? I knew I smelled some per-fume when you came in, -Boston Berald.

A young lady at Athens, Ga. has invented a lamp that will cease to burn exactly at 10 o'clock. The average Georgia lover has no fault to find with the lamp; in fact he would be better satisfied if it would go out as soon as he came in. satisfied if it would go out as soon as he came in.
If the young lady wants to make a real ten-strike
she should invent a father who will go to bed at it
o'clock.—Toledo Commercial. Protty Hard on a Father .- First Citizen-

chaff over the top, scattered meal on it, and in the morning fished out over 200 dead rats.

A TRAMP who arrived in Steubenville the other day said he had walked 125 miles since he had had a bite to eat. When searched half of a loaf of bread was found in one of his pockets.

This electric light is a great thing.

Second citizen—Mighty mean thing I think.

First citizen—Why what's the matter with it! Why, they have planted one right in front of my sitting room window, where it lights up the whole house, and I've got six unmarried daughters.—Boston Courier.